

1: Identification of the Substance and Supplier

Product Name HURRICANE

Recommended Use Herbicide

Suppliers Details Orion AgriScience Ltd

Unit 1, 15 Sir Gil Simpson Drive, Harewood, Christchurch, 8053

PO Box 39 071, Harewood, Christchurch, 8545

 Web Address
 www.orionagriscience.co.nz

 Email Address
 orders@orionagriscience.co.nz

Telephone Number (03) 928 2386 (office hours), 0800 674 6627 (free phone)

 Emergency Telephone
 0800 CHEMCALL (0800 243 622) (24 hours)

 National Poison Centre
 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) (24 hours)

Date of Issue/Revision March 2025

2: Hazards Identification

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Words

Hazard Classes:

Flammable Liquid (Cat. 4)

Eye Irritation (Cat. 2)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) (Cat. 2) Hazardous to the aquatic environment chronic (Cat. 2)

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention

Response

Warning

Hazard Statements:

H227 Combustible Liquid

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P273 Avoid release to the environment

Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe in the vapour or spray mist. When mixing or applying, wear personal

protection as described in section 8. Take all reasonable steps to ensure that this product does not cause any significant adverse effects to the environment beyond the

application area. Do not apply directly into or onto water.

P370+P378 In case of fire use water spray, foam, dry chemical or C02 to extinguish

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P391 Collect spillage

First aid measures described in section 4. Contain and collect spillage for disposal. In an emergency call 111, Police or Fire Brigade. For specialist advice in an emergency only,

call 0800 CHEMCALL (0800 243 6225) (24 hrs).

Storage P403 Store in a well ventilated place

Keep cool.

Page: 1 of 6



Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents by using it in accordance with this label. Dispose of the container via AgRecovery after triple rinsing (use the rinsate for spraying).

3: Composition/ Information on Ingredients

Ingredient CAS No Content (% w/v)

Haloxyfop-R-methyl ester (active ingredient)

72619-32-0

10

Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether

111-90-0

Other ingredients

Proprietary

Remainder

4: First Aid Measures

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. For advice call the National Poisons Centre or a Doctor

Ingestion: Seek medical advice if feeling unwell

Skin Contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Seek medical advice if irritation occurs.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

 Inhalation:
 Seek medical advice if feeling unwell

 Workplace Facilities:
 Hand wash facility. Eye wash facility

Advice to Doctor:No specific antidote. Treat symptomaticallyNational Poison Centre0800 POISON (0800 764 766) (24 hours)

Symptoms of Exposure which could occur if this material is not handled in accordance with instructions:

Ingestion: Dizziness, headache, nausea, incoordination

Skin Contact: No data available

Eye Contact: Irritation.

Inhalation: Irritation, headache, dizziness, nausea, drowsiness

5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Fire/Explosion Hazard Flammable liquid and vapour

HAZCHEM Code 3Z ERP Guide No 47

Extinguishing Media Water spray, foam, dry chemical or C02. Avoid water jet.

Fire Fighting Instructions During a fire, toxic fumes may be emitted. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Contain runoff.

Specific Hazards Arising from Fire No data available

6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Caution: Floors may be slippery if wet. Eliminate all ignition sources and naked lights. Use non-sparking

equipment. Leave and/or avoid entering confined spaces. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment as described in section 8. Respiratory protection (with organic vapour cartridge) required for any spill other

than minor. Exclude non-essential people from the area.

Environmental Precautions Prevent further spillage or leakage. Prevent material from entering drains, waterways, etc.

Clean Up Absorb spillage with inert material such as spill kit, sand or cat litter. Collect and place in a sealable

container for disposal. Wash down affected area with water and detergent. Absorb and collect washings for

disposal. Dispose of safely to a suitable landfill.

7: Handling and Storage

Storage: Keep out of reach of children. Store in the original tightly closed container in a cool, well ventilated, and

secure area

Handling and Use: Keep out of reach of children. Refer to Prevention statements in section 2 above. Keep people and animals

away from the area while spraying and for the duration of the REI.

Page: 2 of 6



REI Until spray has dried

8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Tolerable Exposure Limit None established

Workplace Exposure Standards None established (Use lowest practicable level)

Engineering ControlsSelect spray application equipment to minimize exposure to operator and bystanders

Personal Protection:

The following Standards provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment: Respiratory equipment: AS/NZS 1715, Protective Gloves: AS 2161, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501, Industrial Eye Protection: AS1336 and AS/NZS 1337, Occupational

Protective Footwear: AS/NZS2210

Eye Safety glasses/goggles (or full face respirator incorporating visor) when mixing or applying.

SkinCotton overalls snugly fitting at the neck, wrist and ankle, chemical resistant boots and gloves (barrier

multilayer, nitrile, neoprene)

RespiratoryNot required where vapour or spray mist is not inhaled. Otherwise, respirator (organic vapour and

particulate matter) is required

Clean protective equipment after use

9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Clear Amber Liquid

Odour Solvent like
Odour Threshold Does not apply
pH Does not apply
Melting Point/Freezing Point Does not apply
Boiling Point Does not apply

Flash Point 93°C approx. (closed cup method)

Flammability Flammable

Upper/Lower Flammability Limits Does not apply. May form explosive mixture in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas

Vapour PressureDoes not applyVapour Density>1 (heavier than air)Relative Density1.05 g/mL (approx.)Solubility in WaterEmulsifiable

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto ignition Temperature

Does not apply

Decomposition Temperature

Does not apply

Kinematic Viscosity

Does not apply

Particle characteristics

Does not apply

10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable under normal conditions

Hazardous Reactions Vapours are flammable

Incompatibility None Known
Hazardous Decomposition Products None Known

11: Toxicological Information

This section describes effects which could occur if this material is not handled in accordance with this data sheet and label instructions

Acute Oral ToxicityLD50 > 5000 mg/kgAcute Dermal ToxicityLD50 > 5000 mg/kgAcute Inhalation ToxicityLD50 > 5 mg/L

Skin corrosion/irritation Information not available

Page: 3 of 6



Serious eye damage/Eye irritation

Eye Irritant

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Information not available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Information not available

Carcinogenicity

Information not available

Reproductive Toxicity

Information not available

Specific Organ Toxicity – Single

Information not available

exposure

Specific Organ Toxicity - Repeated

Long term animal feeding studies on haloxyfop have noted effects to the liver and kidneys

exposure

Aspiration hazard Information not available

12: Ecological Information

This section describes effects which could occur if this material is not handled in accordance with this data sheet and label instructions

The following information is presented in respect of the active ingredient:

Ecotoxicity

- Acute Oral LD50 (Bobwhite quail) 1159 mg/kg
- LC50 (96 hr) (Rainbow trout) 0.7 mg/l
- EC50 (5 dy) (Algae) 1.72 mg/l
- LC50 (48 hr) (Daphnia) 6.12 mg/l
- Non toxic to bees.

Persistence/degradability

Biodegradable. DT50 (soil) 1 days (typical)

Bioaccumulative Potential

Octanol-water partition coefficient LogP = 4 (high)

Soil Mobility

Soil organic carbon water partitioning coefficient

No data available

Environmental Exposure Limit:

EELwater= 0.84 μg/L

13: Disposal Considerations

Product

Dispose of product by using it in accordance with the label. Waste product should be disposed of to a

suitable landfill. For disposal of large quantities contact Orion AgriScience Ltd.

Container

Dispose of to a suitable landfill or via AgRecovery. Do not burn. Do not use packaging for any other

purpose.

14: Transport Information

Dangerous Goods

UN Number

3082

Proper Shipping Name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (HALOXYFOP-R-METHYL ESTER 10%)

Class

9

Subsidiary Class

None

Packing Group

Additional Information

MARINE POLLUTANT

MTQ (Non-Commercial)

1000 litres

Passenger Service Vehicle

Maximum quantity 10 litres

15 Regulatory Information

EPA Approval No HSR000373
ACVM Registration No P7703
Qualified Person Required
Certified Handler Not required

Page: 4 of 6



Workplace Only

Tracking

Record Keeping

Site Requirements under EPA Notice and HSWHS Regs:

No

Not required

Not required

- A hazardous substance location compliance certificate is not required
- A hazardous area is not required
- Separation distances for class 3 and class 6 substances to protected places and public places is not applicable
- Fire extinguishers are required for more than 500 litres (2 fire extinguishers)
- Signage is required for more than 1000 litres
- An emergency response plan is required for more than 1000 litres
- Secondary containment is required for more than 1000 litres
- Segregation from incompatible substances (classes 1, 2, 3.2, 4 and 5) is required

Application into water is subject to requirements concerning maximum application rates, frequencies, intervals, permissions, signage, notification, incident reporting, annual reporting, species thresholds, etc. Refer to Orion or EPA for more information

Restrictions

HSNO Additional Controls (Restrictions of use) Regulation 77A

No person may apply this substance unless that person first obtains a permission from the Authority under section 95A of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

Aquatic herbicides - requirements for protection of aquatic farms

Aquatic herbicides - irrigation water requirements Aquatic herbicides - notification

Aquatic herbicides - signage requirements

requirements

Aquatic herbicides - restrictions on nonylphenol ethoxylates

Aquatic herbicides - requirements relating to static water bodies

Aquatic herbicides - incident reporting requirements

Refer to EPA www.epa.govt.nz for controls document - HSR000373

A person must not apply or otherwise use this substance onto or into water, unless that person first obtains a permission from the Authority under section 95A of the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that the substance is not applied in a manner that may cause harm to aquatic farms where food is produced.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that the substance is not applied in a manner that may cause harm to crops using water taken from that water body.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that any parties who may be potentially directly affected are notified of details of the operation, including treatment dates, the identity of the substance which is being used and relevant restrictions on the use of water, at least five working days prior to each application of the substance.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that signage is erected and maintained at all public access points within 100 m of the application area to notify the public that application of a herbicide onto or into water has been undertaken and state the following: · Do not swim; · Do not gather food from the waterway (including fish); and · Do not take water for consumption. The signs must be erected on the day of, and prior to, the operation and remain in place for five days after application, where application of the substance is to a flowing water body, and for 21 days after application where application of the substance is to a static water body. The signs must be removed after five days or 21 days, respectively. The signs must be capable of being read at a distance of at least five metres during daylight hours.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that the substances covered by this approval are not applied onto or into water if they contain nonylphenol ethoxylates as a component of their formulation.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that the substance is not applied, in any single application, onto more than 33% of the surface area of any static water body. If applications of the substance onto or into any static water body, taken cumulatively within a sevenday period, arrive at more than 33% of the surface area of the water body, the substance must not be applied to any additional sections of the water body for at least seven days after the last application of the substance to that water body. These controls do not apply if the average dissolved oxygen level for the static water body is less than 4 mg/l at the time of application.

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that any instances of unintended or accidental by-kills, are reported (including the time, date and location monitoring was undertaken) to the EPA within a week of the application of the substance. This excludes the by-kill of non-target plants that may be expected from the herbicidal nature of the substance.



A control has been added relating to annual reporting

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that the Environmental Protection Authority is provided with an annual written report by 31st July each year. This report will cover all applications of the substances onto or into water for which they are responsible and must include the following information;

A map of all locations where the substance has been applied; · Details of the spray operation by location, including application method used, quantity of the substance applied, rates of application, frequency of application and the dates of application; · Details (including results) of water sampling conducted to confirm compliance with EEL values; · Details of sediment testing conducted; · Details of pest plant species targeted; · Details of dissolved oxygen levels prior to application of the substance to any static water body; · Details of pH testing conducted prior to application of substances containing metsulfuron-methyl; · Details of engagement/consultation activities undertaken; · Details of any incidents reported or complaints received in reference to the application of the substance and details of any actions taken to remedy complaints; and An overall assessment of the outcome of each operation and any proposed follow-up spraying for the forthcoming year

Aquatic herbicides - requirements relating to migration of whitebait and elvers

A person who applies the substance onto or into water must ensure that the substance is not applied onto or into water bodies where whitebait and elvers may be present during the Department of Conservation's defined local whitebait season relevant to that region. This control shall not apply to any application of the substance to a pest plant infestation area that is less than 5 m2, where the application is undertaken during surveillance to ensure completion of the eradication of a pest species in that spray area, during the period 1 to 30 November.

Other: Environmental Exposure Limits

An EELwater has been set for haloxyfop-R-methyl. The EEL value is 0.84 μg/L.

Additional Requirements

Refer to NZS 8409:2004 'Management of Agrichemicals', and relevant local and regional council plans

Advance notice given to neighbours and other affected parties, of details of proposed application, and

16: Other Information	
SDS review date	19 March 2025
Glossary	
ADE	Acceptable Daily Exposure – A daily dose, received via any route, below which no adverse effects are
	expected over a lifetime of exposure
ACVM	Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Medicines group of the Ministry of Primary Industries
Cat.	GHS category
Ceiling	A concentration that should not be exceeded at any time during any part of the working day
Certified Handler	A qualification issued by a Compliance Certifier to handle and use particularly toxic substances (6.1A and
	6.1B)
DT50	Time (days) for 50% reduction in concentration
EC50	Concentration required to produce an effect in 50% of organisms
Environmental Exposure Limit	Maximum concentration limit of a substance in an environmental medium, e.g., water, soil.
EPA Notice	Hazardous Property Controls Notice 2017
ERP Guide	Dangerous Goods – Initial Emergency Response Guide SNZ HB 76:2008
GHS	Globally harmonized system of classification and labelling of chemicals
Hazardous Substance Location	For locations storing hazard substances of certain classes above threshold quantities
Compliance Certificate	
Hazardous Area	A designated area designed for the presence of flammable substances - Refer AS/NZS 60079.10.1:2009
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code for emergency services
HSWHS Regs	Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017
LC50	Concentration that will kill 50% of organisms
LD50	Dose that will kill 50% or organisms
MTQ	Maximum Transport Quantity. The maximum amount of dangerous goods that can be transported by road

by the user

other details as described

Notification



Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient The partition coefficient of a substance between n-octanol and water, used as the Logarithm base 10

form, as an indicator that a substance may bioaccumulate

PDE Permitted Daily Exposure - A daily dose below which no adverse effects are expected over a lifetime of

exposure

Protected Place Residential properties, schools, hospitals, kindys, factories, shops, warehouses, etc., and other places where

people assemble

Public Place A place frequented by the public, including roads (does not include private property)

Qualified Person A requirement for the loader, contractor or person applying the product to hold a qualification such as a

GROWSAFE Certificate, Unit Standard 21563, etc.

Record Keeping Includes a spray diary or other record of application

REI Restricted Entry Interval – The length of time after application before entry into the treated area is

permitted without the use of protective equipment. For indoor environments, this time period commences

once ventilation after treatment begins.

Segregation Certain classes of substances must not be in contact with, and must be stored separately from, certain

other classes as specified in HSWHS Regs

Separation Distances The distances specified in Part 11 and Part 13 of HSWHS Regs between storage and/or use of hazardous

substances and protected places and/or public places

Signage Positioned at entrances to commercial premises providing information on the hazardous substances

present

Soil Adsorption Coefficient (Kd)

The ratio of the concentrations of a substance adsorbed onto a solid sorbent to that dissolved in a liquid

phase. The higher the value the less mobile the chemical is in soil

Soil Organic Carbon-Water

The ratio of the mass of a chemical that is adsorbed in the soil per unit mass of organic carbon in the soil.

Partitioning Coefficient (Koc) The higher the value the less mobile the chemical is in soil

Short term exposure level – 15 minute time weighted average

Tolerable Exposure LimitMaximum concentration limit of a substance above which persons must not be exposed

Tracking For some particularly hazardous substances, a record must be kept of the transport, storage, sale and use

of the product

TWATime weighted average calculated over an 8 hour working day

Workplace Exposure Standard

An occupational health standard limiting concentrations of specified substances to which persons are

exposed

Workplace Only A product that is restricted to a workplace only and under the supervision of a certified handler

Please Note

Users must ensure that the most up to date version of this safety data sheet is used.

This Safety Data Sheet summarises information on this product, and how to safely handle and use the product. Each user should familiarise themselves with the product label and Safety Data Sheet, and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used, including in conjunction with other products. Orion AgriScience Ltd assumes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or suitability of this information. The user is responsible for determining the suitability and accuracy of this information for their particular purposes.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Page: 7 of 6